

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 31

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, AUGUST 27th 1931

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

NOW is the Time to Can

It pays to can all you can and when you can.

We have case fruit now at reasonable prices. Try canning with a pressure canner, it's a pleasure and insures perfect results. Ask to see it and have it's many uses explained.

Elberta Peaches	- -	2.15
Bartlett Pears	- -	3.00
Plums	- - -	1.50

One Used Sewing Machine for Sale at a Bargain

Wm. Laut

TRACTOR DISTILLATE

13c per gallon

This Distillate is very high grade fuel and will start Tractors without priming with gasoline.

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Phone 4

Crossfield, Alberta.

MR. FARMER Read This Over! Check It Up!

Present grain prices make you anxious to hold your grain. If you deliver your grain to your local elevator, you will be charged at the rate of 1c per bushel, per month after the first 15 days. This works out:-

On every 1000 bushels for 1 month \$10.00

On every 1000 bushels for 8 months \$80.00

From the time you thresh in October until May next year, it means a charge of \$80.00 per 1000 bushels for storage.

Pay us a visit. We will give you all figures to help you get a granary that actually won't cost you a dollar.

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

Hogs Bought on Monday and Tuesday

Calgary prices paid less 40c per 100 lbs.

Why Truck Your Hogs? Figure it out. Shrink and Cartage Costs You Than More 40c a hundred.

W. K. Gibson

Insurance Farm Equipment Grinding

Meat at Reduced Prices

Choice line of Fresh and Cured Meats
SPECIALS EVERY DAY

Electric Refrigeration. Kash and Karry

HOME MEAT MARKET

School Board Consider Teaching of Grade 12

Mr. Collier our new principal was in town on Thursday evening August 20th and met with the Board to discuss the outlook for the coming school year.

The proposal that has been put forth by a number of citizens, for the teaching of Grade 12 was considered from all angles. It was decided to leave the matter over until school started when it would be possible to check up the enrolment and find out what space, if any was available in the school, also the cost of necessary equipment, etc.

The Board is willing to consider Grade 12, on condition that the applicants pay in advance for every dollar of the cost, and providing that it will not interfere with the general efficiency of the school.

HUSER ELEVATOR SOLD TO MIDLAND GRAIN CO.

Mr. George Huser has disposed of his elevator at Crossfield to the Midland Pacific Grain Co., and the elevator will be opened under new management on Monday next.

There are very few grain growers in Western Canada that have owned and operated their own elevators, but when it is considered that in 1928, Mr. Huser harvested 65,000 bushels of wheat and 10,000 bushels of coarse grains on his farm east of town, it can readily be seen that he could use his own elevator to advantage. It was with the idea primarily, of handling and marketing his own grain that he went to the expense of building an elevator in the summer of 1928.

For some time past Mr. Huser has had a number of offers for his business, and finally made negotiations with the Midland Grain Co. to dispose of same at an attractive figure.

A. E. Tidball Now Located at Madden

A. E. Tidball, postmaster and storekeeper at Sampsonston, moved lock, stock and barrel to the new town at Madden on Wednesday last. Don McArthur had the contract for moving the buildings and got everything to Madden in good order.

Examination Results

GRADE X.				
Name	No. of Questions	No. of Correct Answers	Per cent.	Written
Mary Brandon	7	4	48.8	
Mildred Brandon	8	5	57.3	
Margaret Cameron	7	3	43.3	
Peggy Cavandar	8	3	36.1	
William Cross	7	4	51.1	
Rowland Fleming	7	7	65.1	
Raymond Gilchrist	7	5	53.4	
Mabel Gordon	7	1	14.3	
Vera Green	8	5	50.1	
Gordon Johnson	6	5	55.0	
Isabella Leask	8	8	70.0	
Annie Michel	8	8	57.5	
Herbert Seville	8	3	42.4	
Oliver Stauffer	7	7	76.9	
Lila Havens	9	3	33.3	
GRADE XI.				
Florence Cameron	8	6	63.3	
Donald Fleming	6	4	56.6	
Evan Gordon	6	5	57.8	
Fern Henn	9	8	59.1	
Eva Jarman	8	8	69.9	
Charles Albert Laut	7	5	57.1	
Frank Richard Low	8	5	61.5	
Frank John Mair	8	5	62.2	
Frances Mobbe	8	4	50.0	
Austin Williams	8	1	12.5	
Grace Williams	3	3	66.6	
Marjorie Young	5	4	52.2	
Dorothy Stauffer	3	3	75.0	

The above list includes both departmental examinations and subjects upon which students received recommendation from me.

The percentage pass for the high school is calculated on a unit basis, 75 per cent.

ROBERT H. HAY
Principal, 1929-31

Scribblers 9 for 25c. Complete line of School Supplies at the Chronicle Office.

SCHOOL FAIR LIST OF SPECIAL PRIZES

School Fair To Be Held at Exhibition Grounds on September 7th.

The following is a list of some of the special prizes, showing what classes in the prize list they come under.

1. Boy or girl winning the most number of points at the fair, a short course at the Olds School of Agriculture.

2. Mr. F. Colliatt, Crossfield will present a purchased yearling Hereford Heifer to the boy or girl winning the most points in classes 14 to 43 inclusive, which includes grains, noxious weeds, livestock and poultry.

2a. Mr. S. Walker, Crossfield, will donate a purebred Jersey Calf to the boy or girl securing the second largest number of points in classes 14 to 43 inclusive.

3. Mr. J. Allonby, Crossfield, will present a purebred Shropshire lamb to the boy or girl exhibiting the best lamb in class 34.

4. Mr. E. Bills, Crossfield, will present a purebred Tainworth Hog to the exhibitor securing the greatest number of points in classes 28 to 34 inclusive.

5. The Canadian Bank of Commerce, Crossfield, will donate a Silver Bowl to the School winning the most number of points at the Fair.

6. F. E. Osborne, Calgary, donates a football to the School securing the second largest number of points at the Fair.

7. The Great West Saddlery Co., Calgary, will present a riding bridle to the boy or girl with the largest number of prizes in classes 1 to 85 inclusive.

8. The Central Creameries, Calgary, donates a Silver Cup to the exhibitor with the best dairy type heifer. This prize has to be won three times by any exhibitor before it becomes their personal property.

9. The Cockshutt Plow Co., Calgary, will present a No. 27 Saddle to the exhibitor with the most points in sections 1 and 2, classes 1 to 13 inclusive.

10. The Hudson Bay Co., Calgary, will present an autograph album and fountain pen to the exhibitor winning the most number of points in classes 111 to 120 inclusive.

11. The Hudson Bay Co., Calgary, donate a story book to the boy or girl winning the most points in classes 94 to 101 inclusive.

12. Henry Birks & Co., Jewelers, Calgary, will present a Gold Ring to the girl winning the most number of points in classes 50 to 85 inclusive.

13. Channcey, Jewelers, Calgary, will present a beaded purse to the girl winning the second largest number of points in classes from 50 to 85 inclusive.

14. The Club Cafe, Calgary donates \$2.00 in cash to the exhibitor winning the largest number of points in classes 50 to 54.

15. Crist Bros. Cafe, Calgary, donates \$3.00 in cash to the girl winning the most points in classes 55 to 65 inclusive.

16. The Morning Albertan Publishing Co., Calgary, will give the Daily Albertan for six months to the exhibitor securing the most points in classes 121 to 125, incl.

17. R. M. McCool, M.L.A. will donate \$5.00 in cash to the boy receiving the greatest number of points as follows: Each first prize three points, for each second prize two points, and one point for each third prize.

18. A similar prize is offered by Mr. McCool on same conditions to the girl who wins the most number of points.

19. Wilson Stationery Co., Calgary, will present a Story Book to the boy or girl with the most number of points in penmanship, classes 114 and 115.

(Continued on Page 8)

NOTICE

To Shareholders and The General Public

On and after August 1, 1931, and until further notice, we will allow 50c per bushel for No. 1 Wheat, F.O.B. Crossfield; other grades in proportion, for all debts incurred prior to January 1, 1930.

In passing the above resolution the Board took into account the fact that these debts were incurred at a time when the farmers' produce was worth three times what it is today.

The Board felt that it was hardly fair to expect the customer to bear all this loss; and, by this means, they are prepared to share a part of the burden.

Crossfield District Co-Operative Association U. F. A. Limited

Let Us Service and Check Your Car

There is nothing more irritating than road trouble. We have the equipment and facilities to give you the service you require.

Bring your car to us and be certain of getting the best and at a fair price.

Quick Service on Gasoline and Oil.

The Service Garage

W. J. Wood

Phone 11

\$5,000 for \$10 Special Automobile Accident Policy

Come and let us tell you about this wonderful policy.

T. TREDAWAY

Insurance Conveyancing Real Estate

Twenty-Five Years

The successful experience of this Farmer-owned Company in handling grain for farmers now covers a quarter of a century.

You are sure of GOOD SERVICE and ABSOLUTE SECURITY when you deliver your grain to-

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS, LTD.

Elevators at Crossfield and Cochrane.

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

Great Strides Have Been Made In Recent Years In Fruit Growing In The Three Prairie Provinces

Canada's prairie West is still known as a new country. This is not surprising, for despite cities and skyscrapers, railways, radio, wireless, telephones, electricity, universities, hospitals, churches, opera houses, packing plants, palatial hotels, factories, motor cars, oil wells, grain crops and live stock, it is not likely for some time yet to be known as anything else.

The reason, of course, is that only within a comparatively recent period have these attributes of civilization come to the Canadian prairies, and to discover all the resources and potentialities of so vast a territory as that which lies between the Great Lakes and the Rockies is a matter for years of study and exploration. For example, there is oil. Calgary had its beginning in 1875 in the establishment on its present site beside the Bow River, in the North West Mounted Police fort, but it is only some twenty years since the first great well, Royalty No. 4, was brought in in the now famous Turner Valley field 40 miles away, where there are a dozen or more wells with outputs averaging probably that of the Marvellous No. 4, and the production from Turner Valley approximates annually 1,500,000 barrels of gasoline and oil. Royalty No. 4 was the first well of commercial consequence to be drilled in any part of the Canadian West.

Even these figures are dwarfed by the estimated oil content of the so-called "tar sands" of the Athabasca, which have hardly begun to be exploited—fifty million barrels according to the calculation of Government engineers and geologists recently made public, the largest known deposit of fuel oil in the world and enough to meet its demands for 500 years. But it is land, not oil, that attracts the settler to a new country. Their primary concern is to acquire holdings, a quarter-section, home, to wrest first living and ultimately competence from their new-titled fertile acres. Capital follows, providing luxuries and conveniences as settlement gains the means of purchasing them and seeking fresh avenues for profitable investment in timber, oil, railways, public utilities. Resources other than the land are uncovered and turned to service in the further development of the country. In time most things of known value have been discovered and utilized and the country is then no longer "young." The Canadian West has not yet reached that stage in its progress.

Time is required even for full acquaintance of what the some seven million acres capable of producing grain and live stock are naturally the first consideration, for these two products with the vegetable garden will afford the settler the chief essentials of wholesome and abundant food. Later he will come to consider other possible products that would lend agreeable variety to his bill of fare and among these is fruit. It has often been assumed that the fruit produced on the prairies. The idea is a mistaken one. Almost any pioneer who has settled along the tree and shrubbery-bordered lakes and streams could certify that in some localities there is usually an abundance of wild fruit. Of this, raspberries, strawberries, gooseberries, black currants, Saskatoons, cherries and highbush cranberries are most common. The muskeg territory north of the North Saskatchewan produces great crops of a small lowbush cranberry which in the form of sauce and preserves is counted of excellent flavor. In the spruce and scrub lands of certain localities immense quantities of succulent blueberries are harvested each year. Sections of Manitoba furnish regular crops of delectable wild red plums.

Pioneer settlers have been content for the most part to make use of these native wild fruits so prodigally provided and domestic production has been generally deferred. But in late years they have been turning to the possibilities in fruit growing on their own lands with gratifying results. The success of Mr. A. P. Stevenson of southern Manitoba, for example, in the production of apples has opened the eyes of others to what may be accomplished in this field. The Government Experimental Farm at Morden, Manitoba, too, has been growing apples for a number of years and hundreds of boxes from the orchards of Mr. Stevenson and the latter institution have found their way to market.

North of the Athabasca River, at Athabasca—within 100 miles north of the Alberta capital, Edmonton—Mr. Gauthier has been growing raspberries successfully for a considerable period.

In 1890 he had seven acres in canes. He began with a small patch as an experiment and his acreage increased until he now has this large area in the fruit. Not that the field is prolific. Mr. Gauthier's method has been to set out fresh ground as the earlier plantings deteriorated. He finds a ready sale at good prices in the town of Athabasca for all the berries he can produce.

The territory about Lesser Slave Lake is peculiarly adapted to the growing of strawberries, which require plenty of moisture. The land in many places is flat and little above water level, so that strawberry culture in that section has proved a remarkable success, and the district has become locally famous for the production of the fruit. Passengers on the trains of the Northern Alberta Railways are able in season to buy luscious fresh strawberries at the little stations and towns along the line and many cases are disposed of annually over the counters of the departmental stores in Edmonton.

Ten years ago Mr. Herbert Lawrence and his wife started a nursery in the western outskirts of Edmonton overlooking the Saskatchewan. They are now growing successfully plums, crab-apples, currants, cherries, rhubarb of enormous size, and great quantities of asparagus, for which there is a never-failing demand in the city. The plums—of which Mrs. Lawrence last season put up 50 quarts for their own use—are of a dwarf variety, but of exceptional flavor. The main part of their income is derived from the nursery stock—trees, shrubs, flowering plants, rhubarb and asparagus—but they sell each year some 5000 worth of various fruits. No winter protection is given by the Lawrences to any of their stock and little if any is ever watered by the proprietors of Buena Vista Gardens.

A member of the staff of Saskatchewan University in a recent talk to a Saskatoon convention stated that plenty of fine fruit for home consumption, including strawberries, raspberries, currants, cherries, plums and crab-apples, can be grown on the farms of the province provided shelter, proper selection of varieties and methods of planting, care and cultivation were followed. At Lethbridge and Medicine Hat considerable success has attended experiments in apple-growing.

Strawberries, raspberries, currants—black, red and white—native cherries, plums and crab-apples are now to be found in many gardens of Saskatchewan and the other Prairie Provinces, and it is not unreasonable to assume that before many more years they will be growing a large proportion of the fruit consumed in that territory—W. B. Cameron in Agricultural and Industrial Progress in Canada.

Forest Protection Service
The geodetic survey of Canada, Department of the Interior, at the request of the Province of Manitoba forest protective service, carried out an aerial reconnaissance of fire lookout sites in northwestern and southeastern Manitoba during the early part of this year.

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Winnipeg Newspaper Union



GIRLS' SLIP ON DRESS

Girls' slip-on dress, having collarless round neck, closed on left shoulder. Set-in sleeves that are gathered into straight bands. A two-piece gathered skirt is attached to waist under a wide tie-belt. 7 pieces.

Proportional Measurements
Years 6 8 10 12 14
Bust 24 26 28 30 32 ins.
Waist 20 22 24 26 28 ins.
Length 36 40 44 48 52 ins.
Before cutting, compare carefully all pieces of pattern with chart.

MATERIAL REQUIRED

Size	Of One Material	With Contrasting Material
6 yrs.	2 1/2 yds.	1 1/2 yds.
8 yrs.	2 3/4 yds.	1 3/4 yds.
10 yrs.	2 3/4 yds.	1 3/4 yds.
12 yrs.	3 yds.	2 yds.
14 yrs.	3 1/2 yds.	2 1/2 yds.

3/4 yard of 38-inch contrasting material for tie-belt.

Price of patterns 25 cents in stamps or cash (cash preferred). Wrap clips carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

A judge was having tea with some friends who had recently been married.

"Have you tried one of my cakes?" asked the young wife.

"No," replied the judge; "but I dare say they deserve it."

Autumn is invading Copenhagen, Denmark.

A machine for making bags from banana fibre has been invented in Guatemala.

Tubes containing one medical tablet are being offered in Sumatra at two cents each.

SIR ALAN TRIES OUT POSSIBILITIES OF GIANT SEAPLANE

Sir Alan Coghlan, one of England's greatest aviators, who is credited with having done more to systematize commercial passenger air services than any other aviator, has just left England on a 7,000-mile flight to Africa, to try out the possibilities of the biggest float seaplane in the world as a long-distance passenger plane.

The float picture above shows the giant float "Valley" seaplane, weighing ten tons, receiving its last overhauling before commencing the long drive. Inset shows Sir Alan Coghlan (extreme right), with some of the people responsible for the design and construction of the machine.

Not His Move
He moved all obstacles out of his way to meet her.
He said he would move heaven and earth to marry her.
He moved her that she consented.

He made the estate-agents move in his search for a house.
Now he won't even move the piano!

Women and Sport
Days Are Gone When Athletic Girls Were Called a Tom-Boy
Where is the tom-boy of yesterday? The word is heard no more nowadays, and perhaps has fallen out of American speech. In the old days any girl who took part in sports would have been deprecatingly dubbed "tom-boy," and distinct snuffs would have been heaped on her from her more decorous sisters who were always "little ladies."

Now golf and tennis tournaments bring out the girl competitors, those who would have been called "tom-boys" in the days of their sheltered grandmothers. Today, the representative of the fair sex, in natty sports attire, smashes them across the net or steps up to the tee, takes a swing, man-fashion, and sends 200-yard drives down the fairway. And there are sunburned youths and successful business men in every gallery who would give the shirts off their backs if they could do likewise.

What has become of the tom-boy of yesterday? The answer is, they are all tom-boys. The day seems to have gone forever when it was unladylike for women to be competent in a sport.

Worked Both Ways
Hubby found some holes in his stockings.
"You haven't mended those?" he said to his wife.
"Did you buy that coat you promised me?" she asked.
"No-no."
"Well, if you don't give a wrap, I don't give a darn."

A Scot's Telegram
Following is a Scotchman's telegram reporting an accident: "Bruises hurt erased afford erector analysis hurt too infectious dead." (10 words.)

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Peace River Country

Destined To Become Great Agricultural District, Says English Visitor

The Peace River country is destined to become one of the greatest developments agriculturally and commercially which the world has ever known was the statement made by the late Henry Harper, daughter of Emily Harper, of Banbury, England, during the course of an address to the members of the welfare committee of the Montreal Women's Club recently.

Miss Harper, who is on her fourth visit to Canada, serves in an honorary capacity as councillor of the Society for the Overseas Settlement of British Women. Her visits to the outlying parts of this country are all made at her own expense.

Miss Harper believes that with a short line of railway from the valley of the Peace to the Pacific Coast and the return of normal economic conditions the Peace River country will be the mecca of settlers.

There was a great need, however, for doctors and nurses, she said, and one of the human problems was that of saving the mothers.

In addition to its farming facilities and its great beauty, Miss Harper pointed out that the Peace River district had such a wealth of coal, and oil that its canyon had been called a future Pittsburgh.

Future settlers would do well to take less acreage than those who settled the 3,000 family scheme, Miss Harper said. She advocated a maximum loan of \$2,700 being set instead of the former loan, which ranged from \$3,000 to \$5,000. A payment of \$250 to \$400 yearly is required on the latter, she said, and while people are breaking land it is impossible for them to spare these amounts.

Esquimos In Good Condition

Word Brought From Baffin Land By Hudson's Bay Factor

Esquimos in Baffin Land are all in good condition with plenty of game and fish for their subsistence, stated Ralph Jardine, Hudson's Bay Company Factor at Amadjuak, South Baffin Land, who was a recent visitor in the Pas.

Mr. Jardine, whose home is in St. John's, Newfoundland, is on his way out for an extended vacation after spending the past three years on duty at Amadjuak. He boarded the Hudson's Bay steamer "Ungava" when it called at the post in the course of its annual tour with supplies for posts on the northern rim of Canada, disembarked at Churchill and there took the train for the Pas.

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Negotiations Are Under Way For A Trade Treaty Between Canada And South Africa

Farmers Should Not Burn Straw Stacks May Be Required For Feed In Drought Areas

"Without first ascertaining whether they are going to be needed either for shipment to the drought areas or for use on the farms where the feed is grown, straw stacks should not be burned this year," Hon. W. C. Buckle, Minister of Agriculture, declared recently.

Referring to the general situation, the Minister said: "It may prove necessary to ship horses into districts where there is a surplus of feed in order that they may winter at a small cost to their owners and be shipped back in the spring. Under climatic conditions such as obtain in western Canada, it is good business to carry over a surplus of fodder from year to year and the experience of the last three years should teach us to be careful about burning up fodder which may prove to be very useful before another crop is harvested."

Under the government-aided scheme of moving cattle from dry areas where fodder shortage exists to districts where pasturage is available, a total of 157 carloads had been moved to August 12, the Minister stated. Approximately 2,000 head of cattle, 1,500 horses and 500 sheep had been moved to pasturage at that date.

Most Northerly Police Post

Government Steamer Succeeds In Making Annual Trip To Bache Peninsula

Battling its way through the seas of the northern Arctic, the sturdy Canadian Government steamer "Beothik" has again succeeded in making its annual trip to Bache Peninsula, most northerly police post in the world. Delayed messages reached the Department of Interior from Major L. T. Harward, eminent Canadian explorer who is this year making his first journey on the "Beothik" as officer in charge of the patrol.

Leaving Godhavn, Greenland, August 7, the vessel reached the Royal Canadian Mounted Police post at Cape Sledge, August 10. The two Mounted Police officers who carry out patrols in the lonely reaches of the Arctic and who see members of their own race only once a year, came down to the shore, exchanged greetings with members of the crew and received supplies.

On its downward journey the vessel will visit Chesterfield Inlet before proceeding through Hudson Strait and along the coast of Labrador back to St. Lawrence ports.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

More than 26,000 bicycles were manufactured in Canada during the year 1930.

Establishment of an experimental farm near Fort William is planned by the Ontario Department of Agriculture.

After years of private ownership one of Britain's most beautiful parks, the Royal Botanical Gardens, is to become public property.

General Cyrillus Cyprien Gillian, head of the Belgian headquarters staff of the Year during the world war, is dead, aged 74.

Four bushels of oats were "swapped" by a farmer at Tiffin, Ohio, for a shave and haircut, worth 75 cents. The farmer still owes the barber three cents.

Seven new aeroplanes built in Russia with funds obtained by public subscription are to be added to the Soviet Air Force, the war commissariat has announced.

The autumn manoeuvres of the Austrian army have been cancelled for this year in the interest of economy, it was announced in an official communique issued recently.

F. C. Hall, backer of the Post-Gazette record flight around the globe, says he is studying navigation and plans to fly the Pacific westward next year. A pilot, Hall said, has not been selected.

Fifty-five million acres had been sown to spring wheat in Russia up to June 1, according to reports received by the British Ministry of Agriculture. Operations are reported to be backward in Siberia.

James Birse, 27, of Valois, a suburb of Montreal, better known as Jimmy Britt, one-time flyweight boxing champion of Canada, was killed on the Quebec highway near the capital, when his automobile swerved from the road and turned over in a ditch.

Figures turned over in Saskatoon from an authoritative source, indicate that the official 1931 census return will give the city's population as about 42,000, an increase of 67 per cent. over the 1921 census, and 38 per cent. over the total given in the prairie census of 1926.

Cancer Research

Commission Finds That Important Progress Has Been Made

"We found that the best results in cancer treatment were being obtained where surgical, X-ray and radium treatment were being combined, and we also found that remarkable steps have been made in cancer research," said Dr. W. T. Connell, who has just returned from Europe, where he was studying the cancer question with the Ontario cancer commission, appointed by the government of Ontario. A comprehensive survey of the cancer question and the treatments being used was made by the commission in both the United States and Europe.

"What the commission saw is most encouraging," said Dr. Connell. "We found from our investigations that where an organized movement was made to secure for the patient the three methods of treatment, surgical, X-ray and radium, the best results were secured, and the highest percentage of recoveries was recorded."

To Launch Jewish Organization Formation of a national party is planned by Jewish organizations in Canada. An effort to blend Jewish social and political organizations into a party of national scope and influence will be launched at a mass meeting in Toronto this fall. Delegates from organizations in Montreal, Ottawa, Winnipeg and other Canadian cities are expected to attend.

There are more than 600 varieties of wild flowers and plants in Mount Rainer National Park.

One of the suburbs of Pittsburgh has a fire department entirely "manned" by women.



"I am going to suggest that we have a little statue in this park; for instance, a statue of love."

"In that case we need only put a seat."—Pages Gates, Yverdon.

W. N. O. 1904

Manitoba Unemployed

Over Half Of Those Out Of Work Are Living In Winnipeg

Unemployed persons in Manitoba total 40,817, according to a careful survey of the province that has just been concluded by the provincial government with the aid of city, municipal, town and village authorities.

It is estimated that including dependents of unemployed the number of persons in the province without means of support is 108,000.

This information was obtained at the request of the Dominion government which wanted to know the number of unemployed and their location before allocating funds for relief projects. It does not include farmers who have suffered crop failures.

Hon. W. R. Chubb, Director of Unemployment relief, has sent full details on the situation to Hon. Gideon Robertson, Federal Minister of Labour.

The total of unemployed for Winnipeg and its suburbs was found to be 20,767, an increase of 2,767 over the number of unemployed in June of this year.

Arthur Macnamara, assistant director of unemployment relief, estimated that the normal number of employed in a population of 270,000 in Winnipeg and suburbs is 70,000. Of that number over 20,000 now are out of work.

The total number of persons in Greater Winnipeg, including unemployed and their dependents, without means of livelihood is estimated to be 50,000 at the present time.

The other figures on unemployed sent to Ottawa show a total of 2,496 unemployed for St. Boniface, Brandon and Portage la Prairie; 4,033 for the towns and villages of the province, and 13,531 for the rural municipalities.

Figures on unemployed were sent to the provincial government by the secretary-treasurer of each city, town, village and municipality in the province.—Manitoba Free Press.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

CABBAGE SALAD UNIQUE

- 1/2 small cabbage, shredded.
- 1/2 pint, chopped.
- 1 cup home made style pickles, chopped.
- 1/2 to 3/4 cup mayonnaise or cooked salad dressing.

Mix lightly together cabbage, pickles and pickles. Add enough mayonnaise to moisten the mixture. Serve cold.

COCONUT TUMBLE

- 3 bananas, diced.
- 1/2 cup orange.
- 1/2 cup coconut, southern style.
- 4 tablespoons sugar.

Combine ingredients. Pile in sherbet glasses. Chill. Serves 4.

PEACHES MARGUERITE

- 4 dates, finely chopped.
- 1 cup peaches, finely chopped.
- 1/2 cup coconut, southern style, finely chopped.
- 1 tablespoon cream.
- 2 teaspoons lemon juice.
- 6 halves canned peaches.
- 1 cup peach juice.

Combine dates, peaches, coconut and cream, mixing thoroughly. Add 1 teaspoon lemon juice. Shape into small balls and place in cavities of peach halves. Serve with peach juice, with remaining lemon juice has been added. Serves 6.

Strange Cave Dwellers

People In Tunnels Live Underground To Escape Heat

Tunisia has perhaps the strangest cave dwellers in the world. They are found south of Gabes on the fringe of the desert, and in their efforts to escape the heat they have dug dwellings for themselves in the sand.

The traveller crossing the plain of Matmata comes across what appear to be wells, and is surprised to hear sounds of talking and children's laughter coming up from the earth. Looking down, he discovers in the half light a small courtyard, and tunnelled from the bottom of the well-like cavity are complete dwellings.

Access to these underground dwellings is through a slowly descending tunnel, and when the habitation proper is reached it is found to be beautifully clean and cool. Down below the surface lives the whole family, and there are stables for their animals.

Young Post—How do you like my poems?

Critic—Excellent. There are poems there that Shakespeare or Shelley could not have written.

Post—It is kind of you to say so. Critic—One is about the cinema and the other about wireless.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Annette



TAILORED CHIFFON FROCK

MAKES IT DEBUT

It has the straight slim lines that most women of average figure have proved by experience become them. The shawl collar is another winning point. And it's as smart and dainty made of batiste, sheer linen or organdy. And it may be of bias banding bought by the yard all ready to attach, in the neckwear departments. However, the pattern provides for same, for some may prefer to have the collar made of self-fabric.

Navy blue fitted with the dots in sketch. The belt is blue grograin ribbon, and the collar crisp white organdy. It's a splendid dress for town or for travel.

Style No. 425 may be had in sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust.

Tub crepe silk in pastels or white, Jersey, cotton mesh, shantung and linen are other ideal fabrics for its development.

Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 39-inch, with 1/4 yard 39-inch contrasting, and 1 1/2 yards ribbon.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coil carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

May Use Grape Sugar

Government Consent To Use Of Grape Sugar For Native Wines

The Dominion Government has given its consent to the use of grape sugar instead of cane sugar for the spirit content of the native wine manufactured in Canada thereby according to the demands of the grape growers for the fortification of wine.

The government has also agreed to wine standards, these to be recommended by the wine standards committee of the Ontario legislature and to be under federal control and enforcement.

New Experimental Farm Establishment of an experimental farm near Fort William is planned by the provincial department of agriculture.



Policeman: "Hand over that sack and follow me to town."

Tramp: "If you want to carry it, very good, but I warn you that you won't get a tip."—Pages Gates, Yverdon.

Encouraging Report On Inspection Of Wheat

Grain Passed Through Department In Winnipeg Of Exceptionally High Quality

"Grain which has passed through the inspection department at Winnipeg is of exceptionally high quality. A considerable amount has graded No. 1 Hard, a great deal has gone No. 2 Northern, and some has graded No. 3 Northern on account of mixtures of durum and barley, but this year's crop, as far as it has reached the inspection department is of an exceptionally high standard."

This was the statement made to officials of the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference by D. Fraser, chief grain inspector, Winnipeg, with reference to the quality of cars of the 1931 crop from western Canada, which have already passed through the inspection department at Winnipeg.

Mr. Fraser stated that the grain thus inspected had come from many different parts of the prairie provinces and indicated that the 1931 crop is of much higher quality than expected. Despite adverse conditions from spring seeding to harvest western Canada this year has produced, as far as present signs go, a quality of exceptionally high average.

This year's crop, therefore, was taken to indicate that many excellent samples of grain would be available for entry in the competitive classes of the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference to be held at Regina next year.

Death Of Toronto Publisher

Chas. Riddon, Late President Of Toronto Mail & Empire, Dies In Montreal

Charles Riddon, who built up the Riddon pulp and paper mills and was president of the Toronto Daily Mail and its successor, the Mail and Empire, died at his home in Montreal recently, aged 64.

From 1863, when as a lad of 15 he joined his brother, John Riddon, in building a paper mill at Merriton, Ont., Mr. Riddon was intimately connected with the pulp and paper industry of Canada until a few years ago, when his company was sold to the Canadian International Paper and Paper Company.

In 1877 he bought the Toronto Daily Mail, and Mr. Riddon remained its president until its sale in 1927, a period of 50 years, during which time he was a strong supporter of the conservative party and an important factor in the establishment of the national policy under Sir John Macdonald in 1878.

The Empire newspaper was bought in 1881, the two forming the Toronto Mail and Empire.

Banked Savings In Canada

Couple From United States Thought It Was Safer

A despatch from St. Thomas, Ontario, tells of a young couple from the United States who recently visited that city and who brought with them their entire savings and deposited it in one of the banks at St. Thomas. The young couple admitted quite frankly that they had lost some of their savings in one bank failure in Pontiac, Mich., and had grave fears for the balance of their nest egg—hence they had brought it to Canada.

While our Canadian banks perhaps are a lot to answer for, we in Canada perhaps do not appreciate the situation as much as we should during periods of depression. Over on the other side of the line the number of bank failures this year has been appalling and the heavy losses among private citizens has been staggering in many centres.

Here in Canada a bank failure is a very rare thing, and anyone placing savings in one of our chartered banks, Government savings offices or loan companies, is practically sure of the return of his money.

Old Resident Dead Winnipeg's oldest resident, Mrs. Mary Roberts, is dead. She had lived there for 87 years, going to Old Fort Garry when she said there were "hardly any white people there—just Indians and the Hudson's Bay folks."

She was the mother of 13 children, one of whom fought in the Riel Rebellion.

Takes Up Chinese Singing Chinese opera singing is the latest hobby of China's deposed emperor.

The "son of Heaven" has engaged a voice teacher from Peking, purchased Chinese musical instruments and stage trappings, and is practising the strange Oriental scales which Mei Landang has used with such skill that his fame had become world-wide.

Office Manager—I'm afraid you are ignoring our efficiency system, Jones.

Jones—Perhaps so, sir, but somebody has got to get the work done.



Husband: "Confound it, you know trade is bad and money scarce and yet you bring home more mouths to feed."—From Passing Show, London.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

AUGUST 30

THE MISSION TO CYPRUS

Golden Text: "I am not ashamed of the gospel; for it is the power of God unto salvation to everyone that believeth."—Romans 1:16.

Lesson: Acts 12:25 to 13:12.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 42:6-10.

Explanations and Comments

The Return To Antioch From Jerusalem, 12:25.—Barnabas and Paul had been to Jerusalem to bring money from the church at Antioch to the brethren there who were suffering from famine, and on their return John Mark was with them, probably as their attendant.

The Leaders At Antioch, 13:1.—In the flourishing church at Antioch there were numerous prophets and teachers, men of special inspiration, and among these was the energetic and lovable Barnabas of Cyprus. Others included Symeon the Black—doubtless the same as the "Simeon" of the apostle in North Africa living next to Egypt; who perhaps was one of the Cyprian evangelists who established this church at Antioch (Acts 11:20); Manasse—another form of the Hebrew name, Menasheh (2 Kings 15:14)—who was the "father-brother" of Herod the Tetrarch (Herod Antipas, also Herod the Great), and, seemingly, a person of some social importance; and, finally, Paul of Tarsus.

Apparently the historian meant to be emphatic, just as was Barnabas at the beginning of the roll. These five leaders of the church at Antioch were evidently Grecian Jews.

The First Foreigners' Missionary Work Chosen and Ordained, 13:2, 3.—While the church, under the leadership of these five men, was carrying on its services of worship, prayer and fasting, an advance movement was initiated under the direction of God. It was probable that the prayer of God, church was "awaiting upon God for special guidance on a matter already occupying their thought; this matter was surely the question of a forward movement into the Roman Empire."

Paul and Barnabas, indeed, may have been thinking of this question, when they had brought with them from Jerusalem John Mark.

"Whenever and wherever men and women are unfaithful, prayerful, self-denying, carefully taught, Christian truth, and waiting upon the Spirit of God for His guidance in a matter of profound importance to His work, then and there the scene is laid out for the Christian enterprise to have its auspicious beginning or to advance its success."

The First Foreigners' Missionary Work In Cyprus, 13:4, 5.—Under orders of their Commander-in-Chief—"being sent forth by the Spirit"—Barnabas and Paul set out on their forward movement into the Gentile world. They went down the River Orontes to Seleucia, the seaport of Antioch, sixteen miles distant, and there sailed for the island of Cyprus in the Mediterranean Sea.

"Historically this is the precise moment at which the foreign missionary enterprise actually began. The fact that we are Christians ourselves, adds much to the nobility of those men in that little ship. They took the little tree of Christianity and transplanted it from the cramping flower-pot of Judaism into the soil of humanity of the whole world. It is apparently very simple, in simple fact, when looked at down the perspective of the centuries, is seen to have changed the history of the world."—Basil Matthews.

The First Battle-Royal With Paganism, 13:6-12.—At Paphos, on the west coast of the island, Paul and Barnabas met the proconsul, Sergius Paulus, a man of understanding, and with him a sorcerer, a Jew named Barjesus, or Elymas, as he was called in Greek. It is interesting that a Roman inscription has been found in which Sergius Paulus is expressly named as being the office of proconsul. We know that magicians of all kinds were favourably received in Roman society, and it is no way remarkable that one of these should have gained an influence with the proconsul.

Two psychologists who gave a test for color blindness to 876 grade school children found 27 were color blind.

When a man is too busy to be happy he is to be pitied.

Educational Films

Talkies Introduced To Students At Summer School

The "canned professor" has been introduced to the students of the summer school of Washington University in St. Louis. In a darkened hall, he appeared on the screen. With him were the charts used in his lecture. He pointed to them as he talked. Here was an educational talk in literal sense. Given the "canned professor" the syndicated professor may follow. One man may appear simultaneously at 1,000 summer schools. The possibilities are limitless. For example, with the chain grocery store we may yet have the chain college, "canned professors" appearing on the silver sheet as they appeared before the camera at the central lecture room of the chain—Boston Transcript.

Grower Receives Bounty

Tenant Farmer Will Receive The Full Five Cent Bonus

Farmers who grow wheat on land leased on a crop share basis will receive the Federal five-cent-bushel bonus on wheat in exactly the same manner as actual owner producers. Promise of this was contained in a letter received at Saskatoon by Dr. William Allen, of the farm management department at the university, from Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture.

The Federal Minister of Agriculture was answering a query as to whether the tenant farmer would receive the full five cents or only a part of the bounty, with a share going towards the owner of the land. He said the government intended to make certain the actual grower received the bounty.

Increased Postage

United States Boosts Postage On Letters To Canada And New Zealand

Increase of postage on letters to Canada and Newfoundland from two cents an ounce to three cents, and on postcards from one cent to two cents was announced at Washington by Second Assistant Postmaster-General W. Irving Glover, to become effective September 1.

At the same time air-mail postage to Canada will be increased from five cents to six for the first ounce and ten cents for each additional ounce.

Would Extend Irrigation

Extension of irrigation works over 45,000 acres is sought by United Farmers of Alberta for the Purple Springs, Grassy Lake, Burdett and Bow Island districts of Alberta's south. The farmer body urges a conference of interested farmers, Canadian Pacific Railway officials and Dominion and provincial government representatives to inaugurate the scheme.



Youth: "Those fish belong to the king family!"

Fishermen: "They don't; they belong to me, and jolly hard work I had to catch them."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

WHEAT BONUS FOR BENEFIT OF GROWERS ONLY

Winnipeg, Man.—Between \$6,000,000 and \$8,000,000 will be distributed directly to growers of wheat in the three prairie provinces as a result of the Federal Government bonus of five cents a bushel, according to an estimate made by E. B. Ramsay, chairman of the Board of Grain Commissioners, who Thursday, August 20, announced details of the bonus administration.

Forty members of the civil service eligible list, or former employees of the Department of the Interior, will be installed in an office here to check up bonus receipts with cash grain tickets throughout the west. The clerical office will be managed by the chief accountant of the Board of Grain Commissioners, with the auditors to be appointed, assisting.

The bonus, Mr. Ramsay pointed out, "is for growing wheat—not for owning it. The man who grows the wheat gets the money whether he owns the grain or not, or regardless of whether he grows it for someone else." The only exception will be the man on the farm, who is paid wages in money, or partly in money and partly by share of crop. Should he get wages entirely through crop-sharing, the bonus of five cents a bushel goes directly to him.

Regulations stipulate that "no person shall assign any claim to any bonus, and no person shall accept any such assignment." No person who is authorized by these regulations to issue a bonus certificate shall recognize or act upon any order or direction authorizing payment or delivery of the bonus certificate to any person other than the grower.

Arrangements have been made with elevator companies, truck buyers, buyers, commission merchants and grain dealers to issue bonus certificates on "direct" wheat or "graded storage" wheat, while wheat in car load lots will be settled for after official inspection of the grain.

These bonus certificates must bear on the back the declaration of the grower that the wheat was grown in the year 1931, and in the provinces of Manitoba, Alberta or Saskatchewan. When this has been done the certificate can be taken to any chartered bank and turned into cash free of charge. No other duty will be levied on these vouchers.

A wrong declaration on grain delivered makes the grower liable to punishment under the criminal code.

Administration of the act covering the five-cent bonus is in the hands of the Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada, and E. B. Ramsay, chairman of the board, announces that he is negotiating for office space.

A staff of 40 will handle the work of issuing and checking certificates. Between two and three millions of these certificates will probably be required. It is expected two or three experienced grain men will be added to the staff.

King's Prize Winner

Sgt. Fulton, Crack Shot of British Empire, Visits Brother in Manitoba

Rapid City, Man.—Winner of this year's king's prize at Blaisy, Sgt. A. G. Fulton is striving to win his spurs as a Canadian prairie farmer at the home of his only brother, four miles east of here. Crack shot of the British Empire, the tall, military appearing Fulton is spending his farm vacation aboard a binder, reaping the west's golden harvest.

It is Sgt. Fulton's second visit to Canada from his home in Blaisy, England, where he has three times captured the coveted king's prize. His brother, Harold E. Fulton, will have the famous rifleman as guest for two weeks. Sgt. Fulton arrived from Ottawa on Tuesday, August 18, following the Dominion Rifle Association meeting at Connaught Range, where he aided the English team in the competition.

Depends Upon Survey

Copenhagen, Denmark.—A future Arctic air route between America and Europe depends on a geographical and meteorological survey of Greenland, said members of the British East Greenland Expedition, who arrived from Scoresby Sound after 13 months on the Greenland icecap.

Canadian Teachers in Paris

Paris, France.—The committee of the Overseas Education League has conducted 170 Canadian teachers and students to the French Colonial Exposition. Hon. Philippe Roy, Canadian Minister to France, accompanied the party.

Ready For Test Shipment

All Facilities At Churchill In Readiness For Grain Boats

The Psa, Man.—Except for the final touches, Churchill today is ready to handle the 600,000 bushel test shipment of grain that will pass through The Psa starting September 4, C. S. Grosz, chief engineer of the construction department of the Canadian National Railways, announced Wednesday, August 19, upon his return from an inspection at Churchill. The most modern elevator on the continent will find no difficulty in handling the grain, the CNR executive declared. The 600 cars grain will be unloaded from the tracks at the rate of one every two minutes. Three special locomotives will be brought in to add in bringing the grain from here to the new bay port, 512 miles north of here. All the grain is being brought from the pool elevator at Saskatoon.

All grain will be stored in the 2,500,000 bushel elevator by September 15. The two tramp steamers will dock at Churchill between September 15 and September 20. There will be no other boat engaged in shipping the grain from Churchill.

All the docking facilities are not completed and only one boat can be loaded at a time, although the dockage provides for two ships. The bay line is in first class condition for the haul. Wash coal is the principal cargo being brought into Churchill by the two tramp steamers engaged in the hauling.

Duties On Magazines

New Regulations Governing Revised Duties Are Announced

Ottawa, Ont.—Regulations governing the revised duties against foreign newspapers, magazines and periodicals entering Canada are issued by the Department of National Revenue. They will become effective September 1, except the 15 cent duty against week-end newspapers, which will not come into force until regularly proclaimed by the government.

It was set forth in the regulations that the higher duties will not become effective until April 1, 1932, against Canadians who had subscribed to foreign magazines or periodicals before June 2, 1931. This delayed action will mean seven months' grace to bona fide subscribers of the latter date.

The effect of the duties and the regulations was to segregate magazines and periodicals. Daily newspapers will continue to enter this country free of duty. Magazines with an advertising content ranging between 20 and 30 per cent. of the total space will pay a duty of two cents a copy. When the advertising content exceeds 30 per cent. the tariff will be five cents a copy.

Magazines in which the advertising content does not exceed 20 per cent. of the total space or those in the interests of religion, education, science, agricultural, labour or fraternal organizations, will bear no duty.

Will Greet Canadian Party At Churchill

Hobo "King" Appoints Himself Reception Committee Of One

Hudson Bay Junction.—Joseph Leon Cohen Lazarowitz, "King of the Hoboes," is on his way to Churchill to greet the Canadian Chamber of Commerce tour party there next month. He has appointed himself a special reception committee of one. Lazarowitz passed through here on his way north. With him he is carrying a scrap book containing post office or railway stamps of the thousands of points he has visited in his 11 years on the road. The "King" also makes a point of calling on distinguished men and boasts that Premier R. B. Bennett once gave him a dollar.

Meeting Of Scientists

Gen. Smuts Will Open Centenary Meeting In London

London, England.—General Jan Christian Smuts is now on his way from South Africa to England to assume the honorable role of president of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, and to open the centenary meeting at the Albert Hall towards the end of September. On the evening of Sept. 28, General Smuts will deliver the presidential address, taking as his subject "The Scientific World of Today."

The Soviet Experiment

New York.—The Soviet experiment in Russia is bound to fail "because Stalin is spending money like an embarrassed sailor," Frank W. Noxon, president of the Chamber of Commerce, Alexandria, Va., said on his return to this country.

Delegates Leave For Geneva

Canadian Representatives On Way To Attend League Meeting

Ottawa, Ont.—Headed by Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice, Canada's delegates to the 12th assembly of the League of Nations, meeting in Geneva, September 7, sailed August 19, from Montreal on the "Empress of Britain." With Mr. Guthrie will be Hon. Martin Burrell, Ottawa, Mr. H. P. Plumptre, Toronto, and Senator C. P. Baubien, Montreal.

Arriving at Cherbourg, the four delegates will be joined in Paris by Hon. Philippe Roy, Canadian Minister to France, who with Dr. W. A. Riddell, Canadian advisory officer accredited to the league at Geneva, complete the Canadian representation.

DEBT REVISION IS URGED BY BANKING GROUP

Basel, Switzerland.—After starting a world with a declaration advocating the revision of reparations and the revision of reparations and war debts, the Wignin Committee of International Bankers waited expectantly to see what Great Britain, the United States and other great powers are going to do about it.

Backed by the prestige of the ten strongest banking groups in the world, the Wignin investigators, in a report made public, declared that to bring full and immediate relief to Germany and other gravely distressed nations it will be essential to make a new deal in the schedules of international payments.

This eventuality, however, was frankly asserted to be bound up with the necessity of clearing up the political disputes of Germany and her neighbors.

After an examination of Germany's financial situation the bankers put the question up to the governments and called on them for action. Only action by the powers along these lines can restore economic prosperity to the troubled world, the financial experts stated.

Two immediate possibilities loom up. Will the governments, taking up the bankers' challenge, immediately summon a diplomatic conference to tackle reparations problems? or will they call on a banking commission—Mr. Wignin's or a new one—to advise them on the next practical step?

The eyes of observers here are turned to Washington and to Paris to discover the diplomatic reaction to the bankers' proposal.

Participation by all these governments in any movement for revision is clearly indispensable. It is pointed out, since the United States is the receiver of debt payments and France the chief goal of reparations.

Taking Holiday Trip

Ottawa, Ont.—Hon. E. B. Ryckman, Minister of National Revenue, has sailed for Europe on the steamship, "Empress of Britain." Mr. Ryckman is taking a holiday trip which has nothing to do with the business of the department, it is stated.

GRACEFUL SURRENDER OF COVETED TROPHY



Mrs. George Wightman (left) captain of the U.S. Wightman Cup Team, is shown receiving the congratulations due the victor from Mrs. Shepherd, captain of the defeated English team, after the American tennis stars had recovered the trophy won a year ago by the Britons. The matches were played at Forest Hills, L.I. The cup is shown in the background.

SECRETARY FOR BIG CONFERENCE

Mr. J. R. Griffin, Organizing Secretary of the British Legion, London, England, who will be Secretary to the Conference of the British Empire Service League, to be held in Toronto, September 3rd to 7th.



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Lloyd George Recovering

Is Recuperating On Model Farm In Surrey Hills, England

London, England.—Rt. Hon. David Lloyd George, who recently underwent an operation, has sufficiently recovered to go from his London home at Addison Road to his country house at Churston in the Surrey Hills.

On his model farm, among his cows, sheep, gardens and orchard, the former prime minister will recuperate until he is able to visit his old home in Wales.

Lloyd George is the only British political leader not actively participating in the present negotiations dealing with the British financial crisis. Sir Herbert Samuel is serving for him as chief of the Liberal party.

Planes Return To Moncton

Elots In Air Pageant Give Farewell Quebec—Having inaugurated the Sea Island Airport in Vancouver, B.C., staged "air shows" in prairie cities and demonstrated flying prowess in Ontario and Quebec, the Trans-Canada Air Pageant made its farewell bow to central Canada with a festival in the old capital on August 19, after which the gallant band of airmen and their machines took off for Moncton, N.B., the starting point of a flight through the maritimes.

Almost 10,000 people viewed the exhibition of stunt flying.

Farm Wages

Offers Made By Saskatchewan Farmers Have Few Takers

Regina, Sask.—Farmers in Saskatchewan are offering from board alone up to board and \$15 monthly in wages for help with very few takers, so far, according to a bulletin issued by provincial department of railways, labor and industries. The bulletin states that publicity being given pending relief works is responsible for this condition, unemployed men preferring to wait for the latter before taking farm work.

To Check Grasshopper Plague

Measures Must Be Taken Now To Prevent Invasion Next Year

Winnipeg, Man.—Farmers of Canada and the United States are being urged to co-operate to check a threatened grasshopper plague in 1932, using man-made devices to destroy the millions of eggs. A rainy season would keep down the pests to normal numbers, it is asserted, but preventive work is advocated.

Two methods have been suggested. One is to plough the land this autumn so deep that eggs now being laid in the ground will not hatch. The other is to cultivate the surface of the ground late in the fall so as to expose and destroy the eggs.

Eggs are now being laid in millions upon millions, experts state. Almost the entire area today from the Rockies to the Great Lakes and from the North Saskatchewan River to the prairies of the southwest has become fertile breeding ground for hoppers and locusts. In a country districts this year visitation of the insects has been so heavy that they have plugged up radiators of motor cars driving through.

Fodder Requirements

Southern Drought Areas Of Saskatchewan To Be Supplied From North

Regina, Sask.—The fodder requirements of the southern drought areas of Saskatchewan probably will be met by the early cutting of grain crops in the north, F. H. Auld, deputy minister of agriculture, stated here.

Already a group of inspectors is in the north inspecting the crops that have been offered to the department for this purpose, Mr. Auld said, and it is believed that the schedule of prices laid down by the department of agriculture for the purchase of feed and fodder will make it possible for northern farmers to cut their crops as usual, instead of harvesting them in the hay, instead.

Relief Takers Must Work

Unemployed Who Turn Down Jobs Will Receive No Assistance

Ottawa, Ont.—Unemployed men who turn down an offer of work will receive no further consideration from the Provincial or Federal Governments, Senator G. D. Bennett, Minister of Labour, announced.

Senator Robertson said: "If and when men are known definitely to have declined employment, the Provincial and Federal Governments may feel properly that their obligations have been discharged. Men who refuse employment, which would provide them with safe surroundings, wholesome food, shelter and a modest compensation will not merit further sympathy or consideration by the state."

ASK GOVERNMENT TO BEAR LARGER SHARE OF RELIEF

Calgary, Alberta.—Requests for alterations in the payment of costs of unemployment relief projects, as affecting the Dominion, Provincial, and Municipal Governments, were made by Alberta representatives at conferences with Prime Minister R. B. Bennett here. Efforts of Calgary's representatives were aimed at having the Provincial and Federal Governments bear the greater part of the costs.

Mayor Davison, of Calgary, asked that the Provincial and Federal Governments bear 75 per cent. of the costs, with the municipalities paying the balance. He pleaded that should be done for the winter of 1931-32 as last year the municipalities paid 50 per cent. and the Provincial and Federal Governments 25 per cent. each.

He estimated that more work would be required to be carried out this winter because of the increased number of unemployed. Calgary is planning a \$50,000 relief program, while Edmonton is considering works costing in excess of \$1,000,000.

It was anticipated by delegates attending the sessions that if the Calgary suggestion of pro-rating costs were adopted, the same policy would have to be put into effect for all other provinces in the Dominion.

Attending the sessions, besides the Prime Minister, Premier Brownlee and Mayor Davison, were Hon. George Hoadley, Provincial Minister of Agriculture and Health; Hon. O. L. McPherson, Provincial Minister of Public Works; Hon. R. Reid, Provincial Treasurer; Dr. G. D. Stanley, M.P., East Calgary; A. U. G. Bury, M.P., East Edmonton; Mayor J. B. Davidson, Edmonton; Mayor R. Barrow, Calgary; and the mayors of Medicine Hat, Red Deer, Wetaskiwin, Camrose and Drumheller.

CANADA RETAINS ENVIABLE PLACE IN WHEAT TRADE

Ottawa, Ont.—Despite rigorous competition and several adverse world factors, Canada contributed practically one-third of the world's wheat shipments during the 12 months ending July 31 last. In a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics it was stated: "Canadian participation in the world's wheat trade during the past crop year cannot but be regarded with satisfaction."

Faced with stiff competition from Russia and the Argentine in the European market and with the Oriental market captured largely by railroads through depreciated currency, Canada last year exported 228,480,403 bushels of wheat and 6,701,663 barrels of flour. This was the equivalent of 255,637,887 bushels, actually exported, an increase of 72,370,875 bushels over the 1929-30 crop. A decrease was recorded, however, from the last five-year average of 308,533,540 bushels.

Canadian wheat exports were divided almost equally between eastern and western routes. Shipments from the Pacific Coast ports totalled 74,541,806 bushels, while exports through Atlantic gateways, including re-routed wheat from United States, amounted to 74,022,551 bushels. The balance of the wheat movement was through United States ports.

Commenting on world wheat conditions last year, the bureau reported that the department had shipped 787,000,000 bushels, compared to 612,000,000 in 1929, 928,000,000 in 1928, and 762,000,000 bushels for the five-year period 1925 to 1929.

The return of Russia as an exporter of wheat was the chief development of the crop year. Another was the withdrawal of United States from the export market. A third factor was the monetary situation developed in the Argentine and Australia from depreciation of currency. The German financial crisis in the closing months of the crop year created an element of uncertainty in the crop year which was reflected in a reduced volume of international trade.

Wheat Crop Estimate

Wheat Pool States Crop On August 15, Was 51 Per Cent. Of Normal

Winnipeg, Man.—Western Canada's wheat crop is in poorer condition this month compared with July, according to the crop report which was reflected in a reduced volume of international trade. The pool states that the wheat crop on August 15 was 51 per cent. of normal compared to 52 per cent. on July 29. On August 15, 1930, the report continues, the wheat crop was 68 per cent. of normal.

The report figures that 67 per cent. of the wheat in Manitoba will grade No. one and two northern, 28 per cent. No. three and five per cent. No. four and lower.

Saskatchewan wheat crop remains stationary regarding conditions compared with last month. The pool reports that on August 15, the crop was 43 per cent. of normal, the same figure that prevailed around the end of July. Last year in August it was 66 per cent. of normal. Only 298 points reported sufficient moisture, the remainder of the 433 places heard from being in need of rain, 12 affected by grasshoppers, 14 injured by light frost. Forty points reported complete crop failures. The report continues that it estimates 70 per cent. of the wheat will grade one and two northern, 28 per cent. three northern and four per cent. four and lower.

Alberta displays the rosy picture of the prairie wheat lands, reporting its crop 69 per cent. of normal compared with 70 per cent. a year ago. Grasshoppers affected six districts, light frost struck 23, while 64 points complain of the crop being heavy, green and late. Nine areas were injured by hail, the report states. Only 58 per cent. of the wheat, however, is expected to grade one and two northern. Moisture has been sufficient except in the south.

Shows Substantial Balance

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada had a credit balance of \$166,000,000 from the world's wheat trade in 1930. That figure represented the difference between the money spent abroad by travelling Canadians and what was distributed in this country by residents of United States, Great Britain and the other nations of the world who toured Canada. In the previous year, Canada had a credit balance from this industry of approximately \$189,000,000.

W. N. U. 1934

Vital Statistics Of Canada

Preliminary Report For Year 1930 Is
Issued By Dominion Bureau

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics has issued today the Preliminary Report on the Vital Statistics of Canada for the year 1930.

Live births numbered 243,291, as compared with 235,415 in 1929, and gave a rate of 24.5 per 1,000 population as against 24.1 in the preceding year.

There were 109,245 deaths in 1930, being a rate of 11.0 per 1,000 population. For 1929, a year with heavy influenza mortality, the number was 113,515 and the rate 11.6.

Diseases of the heart had a death rate in 1930 of 132 per 100,000 population as compared with 135 in 1929. The cancer death rate in 1929—the first year for which statistics of births, deaths and marriages for all Canada were collected on a uniform basis—was 81 per 100,000 as compared with 93 in 1930. Amongst the leading causes in 1930 was tuberculosis with a rate of 61, pneumonia with 74, diseases of the arteries with 66, diarrhoea and enteritis (mainly amongst infants) with 61 and nephritis with 56 per 100,000 population.

Deaths of children under one year of age (exclusive of stillbirths) numbered 21,755 being a rate of 89 per 1,000 live births as compared with 21,674 deaths and a rate of 92 in the preceding year. The reduction in rate extended to all provinces except Manitoba, where the rate for 1930 was 71.8 as compared with 70.6 in the preceding year. The provinces showing the greatest reductions were Prince Edward Island with a rate of 75.6 in 1930 as compared with 89.8 in 1929, and Alberta with a rate of 63.7 in 1930 and 77.4 in the previous year.

Maternal deaths in 1930 numbered 1,404 giving a rate of 8.8 per 1,000 live births as compared with 1,341 and a rate of 5.7 in 1929.

The number of marriages in 1930 was 71,645 and the rate 7.2 per 1,000 population as against 72,886 and a rate of 7.9 in 1929, showing a decrease of 5,643 marriages, reflecting economic conditions throughout the country. The provinces showing marked decreases were Alberta and Saskatchewan.

Direct Phone Service

Britain To Canada

Plans To Eliminate New York Route Under Consideration

Direct telephone service to Canada from Great Britain, instead of the present arrangement which necessitates communication via New York, is promised by the British post office authorities for the very near future.

The new service will be only one item on the extended program the post office intends to put in operation. Plans are being discussed to put British subscribers in touch with almost every country in the world where there are telephones. Wireless telephone services to South Africa, India and Japan are all being considered and plans are in hand for a circuit that would give direct communication between London and Russia.

Delegates To Geneva

Canada's delegates to the assembly of the League of Nations meeting in Geneva will be composed of Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice; Senator C. F. Beaulieu, Montreal; Hon. Martin Burrell, Ottawa; Mrs. H. P. Plumptre, Toronto; Hon. Philippe Roy, Canadian Minister at Paris; and Dr. W. A. Riddell, Canadian advisory officer accredited to the League of Nations at Geneva. Mr. Guthrie will head the Canadian delegation.

North Rich In Minerals

The Great Bear Lake area is likely to prove one of the most important mineral districts in the world, in the opinion of Col. C. D. MacPhee, famed northern mineral man, who arrived in Edmonton by aeroplane from Hunter Bay. The major problem is one of transportation, and that will solve itself, provided a sufficiently large tonnage of ore is available.



"Don't push, sir — let me have room."

"Certainly—I will take a reducing tablet right away!" — Plegence Minter, Munich.

W. N. U. 1936

Railways Largest Of British Enterprises

Practically Every Village In The
Country Has Train Service

The railways are the largest of Great Britain's enterprises, says J. S. Commerce Reports, and since the first passenger train ran in 1825 between London and Darlington, the steel highways have extended and developed until now every town and almost every village in the country has a railway station. Divided into four groups—The Great Western; London, Midland and Scottish; London and North Eastern; and Southern—these railways cover 20,000 miles, equivalent to more than 90,000 miles of single track.

To haul the 48,000 passenger cars and 675,000 freight cars which the railways have in constant use, it is necessary to maintain 23,000 locomotives in running order. The total capacity of the freight cars is 7,620,000 tons, giving an average of approximately 10 tons a car; there are a few cars, however, owned by the London and North Eastern Railway, which will take a concentrated load of anything up to 130 tons.

There are at least 7,100 passenger stations in Great Britain, ranging from small wayside stations with perhaps four trains a day to the huge terminal.

Vancouver's New Airport

New Municipal Airport Has Facilities
For Both Land and Sea Planes

Modern aviation facilities are being rapidly extended throughout Canada. The latest addition in this direction is the first unit of Vancouver's new municipal airport, which makes provision for both land and sea planes, and which was recently opened.

The airport, built at a cost of \$600,000, occupies 489 acres on the south side of False Bay, which is at the mouth of the North Arm of the Fraser River, and provides ample space for the future development of this important air terminal.

Present development has been confined to the east half of the site and includes the administration building, one land plane and one sea plane hangar, and east-west and north-south runways. Two large parking areas for automobiles are provided for in the projected development, one of which will accommodate 2,000 and the other 2,600 cars.

While only one hangar for each type of plane, each representing one-quarter of a unit, has been constructed to date, space has been provided for six land plane units and four units of sea plane hangars.

The main runway of the airport, sited east and west into prevailing winds, is 2,350 feet long by 500 feet wide. All the principal cities in western Canada now have up-to-date airports and all are lighted for night flying.

Good Hotels Are Necessary

Important Factor In Developing
Travel Says Sir Henry Thornton

Hotels form an important factor in developing travel, Sir Henry Thornton told members of the Canadian Parliament recently in discussing expenditures of the Canadian roads. Tourist travel nets Canada a sum not less than \$300,000,000 annually, he said, and in defending, informally, the investments of his own road in hotels recently, he turned to the Canadian Pacific Railway as a company noted for its business sagacity.

That road, he said, had spent between 1922 and 1930 in new hotels and additions to old ones, \$45,000,000. The Nationals spent, in the same period, \$16,880,000 in hotels. That these investments by the two Canadian roads have been wisely made is attested by all visitors to Canada—many of whom find the hotels operated by the railroads one of the outstanding attractions in the Dominion.

—Christian Science Monitor.

Stocking Coast Streams With Fish

Half A Million Trout Eggs Placed In
Vancouver Island Waters

Half a million trout eggs have been placed in Vancouver Island waters recently under the direction of the fisheries department. Cameron Lake received 20,000; Englishman's River, 70,000; Big and Little Qualicum Rivers, 75,000 and 65,000; and Horne Lake, 60,000. Points north and south of Nanaimo, also, were replenished, the supplies coming from the Montana state hatchery.

California is tearing down 100,000 roadside billboards doubtless in an effort to make the roadways look like the roadways look in the booster booklets.

Electric power necessary for the upkeep of a new telephone exchange in London, England, would light a city of 30,000 population.

To Protect Walrus

New Government Regulations To
Guard Against Depletion Of
Herds

Guarding against depletion of the walrus herds in Canada's northern waters new regulations to protect these huge marine mammals have recently been put into effect by the Canadian Government. These regulations provide that no one shall kill any walrus except for use as food for himself or his dependents or his dog (teams), and that no Eskimo or half-breed with dependents shall kill more than seven walrus in any year and no Eskimo or half-breed without dependents, and no person of the white race, more than five. Persons other than Eskimos or half-breeds must obtain licenses issued under the authority of the Canadian Minister of Fisheries before hunting walrus, and not more than two licenses will be issued to representatives of any company at any one station or post. All hunters are required to make reports to officers of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police each year, as to the number of walrus killed, their approximate weight, sex, etc. The regulations also prohibit the export from the north of any walrus tusks that have not been already carved or otherwise worked up for sale in a retail way, as well as the export of the hides for commercial purposes.

Walrus grow to a substantial size. They may weigh from 1,500 to 4,000 pounds each. One was caught that measured 11 feet seven inches to the end of its flipper, which was two feet six inches across. The walrus is an important source of food for the Eskimo and for his dog teams.

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Are You A Perfect Guest?

Suggestions Which Week-Enders
Might Take To Heart

Not even the most invertebrate weekend can hope to find himself the perfect guest in every home. But he can take to heart suggestions offered by the author of Motley Notes in The Sketch. They include no hints on how to become the life of the party, but many on how to become at least a "comparatively harmless object about the house."

The first requirement is to arrive at a clearly stated time. The guest who says he will come after luncheon and then turns up before, may embarrass his hostess, even though she has told him that "any time will be all right." The housewife will also appreciate it if he will "announce himself clearly and firmly after breakfast, which means he proposes to consume during the day." An occasional absence at mealtime is nothing to be apologized for; it only endears the guest to his entertainers.

No guest should ever admit eccentricities of diet. "If you are a dyspeptic or a vegetarian, either do not be a guest or else consume recklessly everything which your doctor has told you is poison to your system."

Don't wait for your hostess to say: "Well, you have had a busy day, and I must not keep you up any longer." Make the final remark yourself. To come in at 2 a.m., without making a sound display of guile, to turn off all the lights within reach means more merit acquired.

Acres Under Wheat

The acreage sown to wheat in Canada this year is 24,143,400, a decrease of 754,500 acres compared with the acreage in 1930. Of the total area, under wheat, 25,178,000 acres are in the three Prairie Provinces—Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. The acreage sown to oats is 13,379,000 or 120,300 acres more than in 1930; to barley 4,182,500 acres or 1,374,500 less than a year ago.

Before history began to be written, men and women knew how to make alcoholic drinks, how to make bread rise, and how to put sour milk to use.



"Don't push, sir — let me have room."

Plays No Favorites

English Law Enacts Enactment No
Matter Who Is Offender

Admiration mingled with awe seems to be the emotion of American newspapers which comment upon the sentence of one year's imprisonment imposed on Lord Kylant for issuing a dishonest prospectus of the great steamship company which he has directed. The idea that a peer of the realm, connected by ties of blood, marriage or business association with half the titled aristocracy of England, should be haled into court, tried like an obscure citizen, and then sentenced to jail seems a difficult one for our neighbors to grasp.

If it is unusual for peers to stand in the dock, the reason is that it is unusual for peers to offend against the criminal code. Most of the motives that drive other people to crime are absent in the case of the rich and powerful. But they do get into the dock and stand in the dock in unpleasant situations, and then their punishment is more, rather than less, than that of less conspicuous persons. If in other parts of the world the human nature of judges manifests itself in a desire to deal gently with eminent persons, the human nature in English judges probably has a contrary bent. Upmost in the mind of the judge who sentenced Lord Kylant would be the determination that he would not seem to shrink from his duty because the prisoner before him was a man of title and powerful connections.

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Prevent Forest Fires

Appeal To Tourists and Campers Who
Neglect To Wash Camp Fires

The summer has been one of the hottest and driest for years, consequently the danger of forest fires has greatly increased. The forests of Canada are among the largest in extent in the world and constitute one of the most valuable of the country's natural resources. Fire constitutes most of the forest area in the Dominion than all other agencies combined, and the cause of many of the fires is often due to carelessness on the part of campers and tourists.

A recent statement issued by the Canadian Forestry Association makes the following appeal: "The tourist or camper who neglects to put his fire entirely out may be the cause of damage amounting to many thousands of dollars and destroying the beauty of the whole countryside. The following four simple rules should be followed by everyone in the forest:—

1. Build your campfire on rock or gravel, near water, and always put it out.
2. Never throw away lighted tobacco or matches.
3. When clearing land, build your dead piles far back from standing timber. Choose quiet weather, and stand on guard.
4. Make sure when travelling the bush to leave it as green as when you found it. Consider always the fellow who follows after."

Bane Of School Teachers

Chief Annoyance To Parents Who Fuss
About Children

Parents are one of the "thorns in the flesh" for school teachers today. D. H. McCurtain, head master of the Crewe Grammar School of Cheshire, England told the Canadian Club recently.

Parents who fuss, who want their children to become teachers, and who want special consideration for their children's "nervousness," are among the bane of the schoolmaster's life, he declared. The other thorns were listed as the English Board of Education, the local authorities, the men who come to distribute prizes at closing, and lastly the children themselves.

By means of X-rays, a scientist has been able to observe exactly how a human being swallows.



"Don't push, sir — let me have room."

Fight Rust Scourge

Scientists Making Progress In Development
Of Rust-Resistant Wheat

In the fight being waged against the rust scourge and other diseases of the wheat plant of western Canada the scientists have made further good progress at the close of another growing season. A visit to the Dominion Trust Research Laboratory at the Manitoba Agricultural College and a walk around the experimental plots is evidence enough of the success attending the efforts of a staff of workers under the able supervision of Dr. W. F. Hume, acting in charge of the rust laboratory in the absence of Dr. J. H. Craigie; Dr. C. H. Gouden, cereal specialist, in charge of breeding work, and his assistant, Dr. K. W. Kirby. New strains of wheat with rust resistant qualities are being developed, and in the process they are being tested for their resistance to other plant diseases, as well as for type of head and milling and baking qualities. Some excellent results are being obtained in every respect.

Numerous varieties of foreign wheats have been imported and set up in the rust nursery, together with the common varieties of Canadian wheat, and new strains being developed, and in this manner it is possible to find qualities of resistance to the disease. Special study is also being made of wheat, wheat, both disease and stinking smut or rust, and considerable data has been collected in the matter of treatment and breeding of types with resistant qualities.—Manitoba Free Press.

Direct Airway Route

Think Future Route Will Be 1800
Mile Hop From Belle Isle To
Plymouth

Instead of looking for a suitable air-route via the Azores or Bermuda, necessitating stop-overs and including 2,000 "unnecessary" miles of flying, P. E. Brewster, United States manager of the Imperial Airways, suggested that the best route was the direct 1,800-mile journey from Plymouth to Belle Isle.

"It seems to me," he said in an interview, "that in a very few years airplanes will be easily capable of carrying a number of passengers over an 1,800-mile stretch in safety. The bodies of the latest planes already approach perfection and it only remains for aviation to develop an engine with sufficient reserve power to maintain the same speed west-bound as they do eastbound across the Atlantic."

Claim Discrimination

Assert Alien Born Immigrants Have
Advantage Over Those From
Britain

Canadian immigration laws discriminate against British immigrants, the Sons of England Benefit Society declared in a resolution passed at the Windsor convention urging the Dominion Parliament to pass legislation amending the regulations.

Allen born immigrants had advantages over those from Britain, said the resolution, which requested more favorable provisions be enacted for the entry of the latter. Allen born residents who had gone through necessary forms of naturalization might become a public charge without being subject of deportation, it was claimed.

Port Arthur was chosen for next year's convention as closing sessions were held.

Trans-Canada Highways

President Of Good Roads Association
Thinks Two Or Three Roads
Are Needed

William Findlay of Toronto, president of the Canadian Good Roads Association, was in Vancouver preaching the gospel of the good roads movement. He deprecated the suggestion of concentrating on one trans-Canada highway.

"Two or three routes are needed," he said. "One road must ignore communities that have just as great claim as those that will be on the route. Have not Jasper, Edmonton, and Saskatoon as much claim to be included as Banff, Calgary and Regina?"

Mr. Findlay pointed out that Canada's road problem was not a trunk highway question, but one of linking up all the communities with good all-weather roads.

Would Follow Gandhi

Many citizens of the United States have written to Mahatma Gandhi seeking to join his model colony at Ahmedabad and to practice his principles of self-denial, prayer and service for others, but in no case has he encouraged them to come.

The Robot has begun to distribute mail. The first thing we know, that fellow will be playing golf for us and then life will be completely ruined.

Corn Silos And Martello Towers

Perth-Kingston District Rich In
Incident And History

Universally of interest to travellers are those places with historic associations.

Contiguous to the St. Lawrence, the door to Canada for 400 years, the Perth-Kingston mapped tract is rich in incident and story. The map shows which supplements Ottawa-Perth map in obtainable for a nominal sum from the Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

Under the foundations of Tete-d'Oron barracks on the waterfront at Kingston are remains of the walls of old Fort Frontenac, built of wood in 1673, and rebuilt in stone in 1674-5. From this fort La Salle set out to explore the Mississippi. In 1689 the stronghold was destroyed, but Frontenac built it up again. In 1758, a British force under Colonel John Bradstreet razed it to the ground.

By 1788 a small dockyard on Carleton Island, now in United States territory, was supervised by the government dockyard at Navy Bay. This bay separates the peninsula on which the Royal Military College is built from the one where Fort Henry sleeps on the high. Along the waterfront, decaying wharves still remain down which old wooden war-ships were launched. On Point Frederick are earthworks of 1812, antedating Fort Frontenac built about 1845.

The first Frenchman after Confederation, who spent his early life in the old "Limestone City," sleeps his last sleep there in Catterguy cemetery. Macdonald Park commemorates him as an outstanding old martello tower housing a museum.

Rideau Lakes system connects Ottawa with Kingston by means of the Rideau Canal. The British Government, advised by the Duke of Wellington, constructed this canal to provide an inland route from Montreal to Kingston. Sir John Franklin, laid the corner stone of the locks at the Ottawa end of the waterway in 1827.

Nowadays Rideau Canal makes a beautiful scenic trip of 128 miles. Boats of 5 feet draught can be accommodated, up to 110 feet in length and 28 feet in width.

In Rideau Lakes the Thousand Islands, near St. Lawrence, nestle themselves in little nesting islets which crouch in these waters like so many emowered herons. Such lakes as Charleston, Christie, Upper and Little Rideau and many others are a sum of the pleasures of the fane of which has spread abroad.

Branches of the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways make access easy to any point in the region. Supplementing these are numbered highways, such as Highway No. 15, which connects Ottawa and Kingston, running through Perth and Smiths Falls, the latter on the Ottawa-Perth road. Highway No. 2, plainly marked in red, serves the St. Lawrence River route, while No. 32 connects Gananoque with the Rideau Lakes by way of No. 15. Feeding into these are numerous other good motor roads, such as the one which passes through the typically pretty Ontario village of Athens and on to Brockville.

Old Ontario is at her best in rural scenes. Along the rich intervals lands of the St. Lawrence are stone houses standing for a century. Here are no martello towers, but corn silos replace them in the landscape.

In places in and along the river sportsmen find duck shooting. For the fisherman, maskinonge are said to run larger than elsewhere, and bass abound.

"Perth on the Tay," shown at the northwest corner of the map, is older than Ottawa. Originally settled by disbanded military regiments early in the last century, it displays many stone houses, quaint stone bridges, and a museum, cloth by modern factories.

To Honour Noremsen

Plans for a fitting monument at Churchill to the sturdy Noremsen who entered Hudson Bay and discovered the harbour of Churchill, September 7, 1619, are being made by the Norwegian Lutheran Church of Canada, according to the Rev. E. M. Horenburg, pastor of the church at North Battleford, Sask. It is the hope of the Norwegian Lutheran Church to erect the monument on the graves of those who died at Churchill.

Tiny Mummy Found

A strange discovery, the mummy of a mature person only 31 inches in height, was being made by the recently by Lee Snyder and E. S. Noe. The body was encased in a bag made of knitted bark. Well developed teeth identified it as a mature person.

A pedestrian these days is a man who cannot keep up the payments c. his car.

School Opens on Tuesday

The Crossfield Public and High School re-open on Tuesday morning next at 9 o'clock. The teachers expect every pupil to be present the first day so that classes may be arranged at once.

Scribblers 9 for 25c.
Pencils 2 for 5c.
AT THE CHRONICLE OFFICE

5 REASONS WHY**Alberta POOL Elevators are worthy of support**

- 1 The greater the volume handled by Pool elevators the less the cost of handling per bushel.
- 2 Pool elevators are not operated for profit. They are operated to give the farmers the best possible service.
- 3 Pool elevators assure patrons safety on grades and weights. Close adherence to a strict policy of fair treatment of patrons in respect to grades, weights and deage is insisted upon by the management, acting under instructions from the delegates.
- 4 The history of grain handling and selling since the time when the prairies were first farmed, up to the present, clearly shows the real importance to producers of maintaining an efficient and complete elevator system under their control. This gives producers a power and influence which they otherwise would not have, were they dependent only on facilities owned and operated on a profit-making basis.
- 5 The uneven crop in Alberta, with indications of a reduced aggregate yield from former years only increases the urgent need of seeing that the support of pool elevators, so enthusiastically given in past years, is maintained during the coming crop year to an even greater extent.

Calgary Won Soft Ball Games.
The Strand soft ball team of Calgary, piloted by Leonard Pullan, had no trouble in winning a double header at the Banta Park on Sunday afternoon. East Community took the count in the first game and Crossfield went down with a thump in the second encounter. The local teams did not have a Chinaman's chance against the speedy pitching of Ferguson, the Calgary ace.

MADDEN

A shower-tea was held in the Beavedam Community Hall on Sat. August 22, in honor of Miss Merle Ingham. The hall was decorated in the pastel shades of mauve and pink, the color scheme being accented by bouquets on the different small tea tables.

The gifts were announced by a charming bride and handsome groom, well portrayed by the little Misses Hazel Havens and Lola McEachern, who marched in to the strains of the wedding march. A great many beautiful gifts were received by the popular young bride-elect.

Alter-tea was served a few old love songs were sung as a fitting part of the occasion.

School Fair List of Special Prizes

(Continued from Page 1)

The following cash prizes will be distributed through the prize list as agreed upon by the School Fair Committee.

P. Burns, Esq., Calgary	\$20.00
A. E. Cross, Esq., Calgary	10.00
Atlas Lumber Co.	5.00
United Grain Growers	10.00
L. Farr, Airdrie	5.00

The Crossfield Chronicle

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THURSDAY, AUGUST 27th, 1931

Mrs. Arnott Wins Many Prizes at Red Deer Show

Mrs. R. Arnott and daughter Jean motored to Red Deer Thursday morning with exhibits for the Horticultural Show. Prizes awarded were as follows:

Two firsts, one second and one third for Sweet Peas; first for Gladioli; 1st. for collection of garden flowers; and second for roses; also a special prize for the most points at a second year exhibitor. Mrs. Arnott was very gratified with the results as each class was heavily contested.

Mrs. Arnott has also been successful in winning several first prizes at the Calgary Horticultural Show this week.

Hail Damage at Didsbury

A hail storm passed over Didsbury on Tuesday night damaging the crops 30 to 100 per cent. within a 12 mile area. We got the tail-end of this storm in Crossfield, and although no hail accompanied the rain in town, north and east of town some damage is reported. Among those who suffered some loss were Messrs. A. McFadyen, F. Ruddy, E. Bills and O. E. Jones.

Church of the Ascension (ANGELICAN)

Sunday, August 30th
Holy Communion, 11.00 a. m.
Sunday School will reorganize for the ensuing year on Sunday, Sept. 6th, at 10.00 a. m.

Canadian Legion B. E. S. L.

Crossfield Branch
Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Fire Hall at 8 p. m.
Visiting Comrades Welcome.
J. CROCKER Secretary
IVOR LEWIS President

ONE MAN PULLS THE NEW LIGHT RUNNING Massey-Harris BINDER IN GEAR

You can do it. The reason is simple—Nineteen smooth-running steel roller bearings, plus perfect alignment.

Come in and see this Binder.

J. M. WILLIAMS

General Blacksmithing

Acetylene Welding

Massey-Harris Farm Implements.

Local and General

Send in local news which you may have. We will appreciate it.
Mr. and Mrs. Merle Casey motored to Leducville on Tuesday. Mrs. Margaret Clay of Calgary spent the week-end in town.
Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Amery were visitors in Arrowwood on Sunday.

A complete line of stationery and school supplies at the Chronicle office.

Happy MacMillan took in the ball games at Sylvan Lake on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. C. Dougan have returned from the Coast.

Jack McCauley will manage the Alberta Pacific Elevator at Westsex.

The Misses E. Matheson and Lily Johnson spent the week-end in Red Deer.

Cutting is again in full swing today (Thursday) following the delay caused by the rain storm of Tuesday night.

Miss Alice Gazeley who was operated on for appendicitis at Calgary last week is getting along nicely.

Miss Sibbey of Carstairs will be at the Oliver Hotel on Tuesday of each week to do marcelling. Phone 54 for appointment.

Miss Pinkham and Mrs. Crowe of Calgary were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ivor Lewis over the week-end.

The Hewitt family left today (Thursday) for Cremona where they will in future reside.

Mrs. Hutton and child of Drumheller are the guests of Mrs. A. High.

Mrs. W. D. (Jim) McCool left on Sunday for Medicine Hat where she was called owing to the death of her aunt.

C. H. MacMillan returned home on Sunday from Gull Lake where he has been spending a three week's vacation. Mrs. MacMillan and children will return home this week-end.

Alex Gordon spent the week-end in town with his family. Mr. Gordon has been adjusting hail losses in the Wetaskiwin district for the past two weeks.

Visitors in Calgary on Saturday were: Mr. and Mrs. Green, Mr. and Mrs. Mair, Mr. and Mrs. E. Amery, Mr. and Mrs. M. Fike, Mr. and Mrs. A. High, Mr. and Mrs. W. Miller.

The Ladies Aid of the United Church will meet at the home of Mrs. A. A. Halliday on Wed. afternoon Sept. 2nd at 3.30 o'clock. A full attendance is requested. Please keep the date in mind.

The Calgary Boosters baseball team won both games of a double header against a team of All-stars at Sylvan Lake on Sunday. Glen (Heavy) Williams playing the hot corner for Calgary, cracked out a home run in the second game.

Mrs. Major and Mrs. Cruickshank were hostesses at a very enjoyable court whist party in aid of the Women's Guild, held at the home of Mrs. Major on Friday evening last. Prizes were won by Mrs. Miller and Mr. J. Reeves; consolation prizes going to Mrs. M. Thomas and Mr. H. R. Fitzpatrick. About midnight a dainty lunch was served.

Miss Vivian Hewitt has resigned her position at the local telephone office and is leaving at the end of the month to spend a week's holiday in Calgary prior to leaving for Cremona where she will assist her father in his mercantile business. Mrs. Hewitt has been a very efficient and obliging operator and the best wishes of her many friends in Crossfield and district go with her to her new home. Miss Kathleen Mair will be the new operator here.

LIBERALS AGAIN CARRY QUEBEC

Hon. L. A. Taschereau, prime minister of Quebec since 1920, led the Liberal forces to victory Monday in which 70 members of his party were elected as against 11 Conservatives.

LEYDEN & BRUCE

Funeral Directors
Private Ambulance in Connection
Phone M 9101
1707 Second Street West. Calgary
W. H. Miller, Agent, Crossfield

DENTIST

Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
218a, 8th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary.

Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN

of the firm of Millican & Millican, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lancaster Building, Calgary, will be at Tredaway & Springsteens' office, Crossfield on Saturday of each week for the general practice of the law.

MONEY TO LEND PHONE 3

Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary Treasurer on the first Monday of each month commencing with February at the hour 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council.

W. McTavish, Sec.-Treas.

Walter Major

Contractor and Builder
Estimates Given Plans Prepared Alterations a Specialty.
Box 84 Crossfield

All Kinds of TINSMITHING WORK

Neatly, Cheaply and Efficiently Done.
Repair Work will receive immediate attention.

J. L. McRory

Crossfield Alberta

Classified Advertisements

WANTED—Am prepared to take two students to board and room for coming school year. Quiet home.
MRS. GAZELEY

WANTED TO PURCHASE—Half Section of Grazing Land. Apply to T. TREDAWAY
Phone 3, Crossfield

WANTED AT ONCE—Listing of farm lands for sale or rent. Have numerous inquiries for same.
T. TREDAWAY
Phone 3 or 25

FOR SALE—Oats, 25c a bushel, barley 30c a bushel, at the granary. Phone R1309
R. Michel, Crossfield

TO RENT—6-roomed house, close in, excellent well, garage. Apply to T. Tredaway, Phone 3

I BUY CATTLE OR SHIP CO-OPERATIVELY.
Thos. Fitzgerald, Phone 315

WANTED—About 24 spring chickens. Apply at Chronicle Office.

House For Sale—6-roomed house in Crossfield, good basement, good well and garage. \$300-cash payment, purchase price \$1800.
MRS. M. PORTEOUS
Carlyle, Sask.

FOR SALE—McCormick Binder, and a grain grinder. Apply to THOS. FITZGERALD
Phone 315

NOTICE—After Sept. 1st will be prepared to do MARCKLS for the low reduction price of 50c. Your patronage solicited.
MRS. GAZELEY

Sid Jones
HARNESS MAKER
Shoes and Harness Repaired
FOR CASH
Trea Building Crossfield

Marcelling Sewing
All kinds of Alterations and reeling coats. Dry Cleaning
Mrs. G. Gazeley

TENNIS NOTES
The Crossfield Tennis Club is approximately \$15.00 in debt. This amount is outstanding in subscriptions and we earnestly request all town and country members who have not paid their dues to please do so at once.

If members do not pay their dues, we cannot expect to keep our state clean. Thanking you in anticipation.
A. FRYERS, Secretary
CROSSFIELD TENNIS CLUB

**DEBT ADJUSTMENT**
Official Announcement to Alberta Farmers

The personnel in connection with the administration of the Debt Adjustment Act will be increased and strengthened to the degree necessary to deal with the enlarged number of cases being referred to the Debt Adjustment Bureau.

The Government is seriously considering the placing of representatives of the Bureau at convenient points throughout the Province, to make it possible for those who desire the service of the Bureau to serve them with the minimum of difficulty. As a preliminary to action by the Bureau those who desire to come under the Act can fill in the form attached herewith, and forward to the Debt Adjustment Bureau, Calgary, or the Debt Adjustment Bureau, Edmonton, when the office will immediately get in touch with them.

To the Debt Adjustment Bureau, Calgary or Edmonton.

I am having difficulties with some of my creditors and may require the assistance of the Alberta Debt Adjustment Bureau. Kindly send me the necessary forms to fill out.

Name of Applicant

Post Office Address

(Note: Communications from Township 34 and points south should be addressed to Calgary, and those from points north of Township 34 to Edmonton.)

BANK CREDIT FOR BINDER TWINE

Premier Brownlee when in Ottawa discussed with the Dominion Government and the Banks the question of credit being made available to farmers where necessary for the purpose of purchasing binder twine. Arising out of the conference at Ottawa, the banks having superintendents in Alberta discussed with Premier Brownlee on August 11th the question of credits for this purpose, and as a result the Government would advise all farmers requiring Binder Twine to make application to their Banks for credit for that purpose, even if an unsuccessful application has already been made.

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT APPLICATIONS BE MADE IMMEDIATELY.

Issued by the Government of the Province of Alberta for the information of the people of the Province.

Help Keep Our People Employed
Demand Alberta-Made Beverages

CANADA'S FINEST BEERS

SERVED AT GOOD HOTELS AND CLUBS

Agents for the Brewing Industry of Alberta

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M 4537 - CALGARY PHONES - M 1830

This Advertisement is not inserted by The Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of The Province of Alberta